ABSTRACT

Erlina, Ayu. 2021. AN ANALYSIS OF CONJUNCTION FOUND IN ABSTRACT PREMISE JOURNAL VOLUME 9 NUMBER 2 IN 2020. An Undergraduate thesis. English Education Study Program, Teacher Training and Education Faculty. Muhammadiyah University of Metro. Advisor: (1)Amirudin Latif, M.Pd. (2)Syaifudin Latif D..M.Pd

Conjunction is one of parts of speech. It also connects words, phrases or clauses. This research analyzes conjunction found in abstract Premise Journal Volume 9 Number 2 in 2020. The aims of this research are to find out what types of conjunction and to find out which the most dominant type of Conjunction. Conjunction is the object of this research. There are 9 articles in Premise Journal Volume 9 No.2 that become the subject of this research. However, the researcher explains the data by using descriptive qualitative method and using tabulation as the instrument to help the classification of each types. The result of this research found that there are 68 conjunctions found over all the abstract Prremise Journal volume 9 Number 2. It consists of 14 coordinating conjunctions. 1 correlative conjunction and 53 subordinating conjunction. It can be seen that the total percentage of subordinating conjunction is 78%, while coordinating conjunction is 21% total percentage and the least conjunction used is correlative conjunction with 1% total percentage. Based on the result, it can be concluded that subordinating conjunction is dominantly used in abstract Premise Journal with the total percentage 78%. It is because the abstracts have a lot of sentences that connect each other by using conjunctions. The researcher suggests that the next researcher develop this research especially in comprehending the aspect in Premise Journal because it is important to understand the journal for a researcher.

Keywords: Conjunction, Premise Journal, Abstract.